

Imagine better health.<sup>™</sup>

## NON-GYNECOLOGICAL (NON-GYN) CYTOLOGY **COLLECTION GUIDE**

Bladder Washing	<ul> <li>Collect ≥1 mL fresh specimen in properly labeled sterile container.</li> <li>Place in bio bag with cytology requisition.</li> <li>Refrigerate and deliver to the lab as soon as possible.</li> </ul>
Body Fluids (Pleural, Ascites, Pericardial)	<ul> <li>Collect ≥1 mL fresh specimen in properly labeled clean syringe, tube or bottle.         <ul> <li>Do NOT submit syringe with needle attached.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Submit as much fluid as possible up to one liter.</li> <li>Place in bio bag with cytology requisition.</li> <li>Refrigerate and deliver to lab as soon as possible.</li> </ul>
Bronchial Brushing	<ul> <li>Detach brush tip(s) and place in properly labeled container of CytoLyt or normal saline; include anatomic location on label.</li> <li>If in saline, refrigerate (specimens in CytoLyt are stable at room temperature).         <ul> <li>Note: Using brush specimens to make glass slides at point of collection is NOT recommended and should only be done if rapid intraoperative consultation is absolutely necessary.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Do NOT place in formalin.</li> <li>Place in bio bag with cytology requisition.</li> <li>Deliver to the lab as soon as possible.</li> </ul>
Bronchial Washing	<ul> <li>Collect ≥1 mL fresh specimen in sterile container(s) with proper labeling, including anatomic location (e.g. LUL, LLL, RLL, RML, etc.).</li> <li>Place in bio bag with cytology requisition.</li> <li>Refrigerate and deliver to lab as soon as possible.</li> </ul>
Brochoalveolar Lavage (BAL)	<ul> <li>Collect ≥1 mL fresh specimen in sterile container(s) with proper labeling, including anatomic location (e.g. LUL, LLL, RLL, RML, etc.).</li> <li>Place in bio bag with cytology requisition.</li> <li>Refrigerate and deliver to the lab as soon as possible.</li> </ul>
Cerebrospinal Fluid (CSF)	<ul> <li>Collect ≥1 mL fresh specimen in properly labeled sterile 8 mL CSF tube(s).</li> <li>Designate tube numbers on labels in order of collection (i.e. #1, #2, #3, #4).         <ul> <li>Tube #3 or #4 should be designated for cytology.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Place in bio bag with cytology requisition.</li> <li>Refrigerate and deliver as soon as possible to the lab.</li> </ul>



Common Bile Duct (CBD)/Biliary Brushing	<ul> <li>Collect in the same manner as bronchial brushing – refer to Bronchial Brushing instructions above.</li> </ul>
Cyst Fluid	<ul> <li>Collect ≥1 mL fresh specimen in properly labeled sterile container.</li> <li>Place in bio bag with cytology requisition.</li> <li>Refrigerate and deliver to the lab as soon as possible.</li> </ul>
Esophageal Brushing	<ul> <li>Collect in the same manner as bronchial brushing – refer to Bronchial Brushing instructions above.</li> </ul>
Fine Needle Aspiration (FNA) – with or without Slides	Refer to Fine Needle Aspiration (FNA) Cytology Collection Guide.
Gastric Brushing	<ul> <li>Collect in the same manner as bronchial brushing – refer to Bronchial Brushing instructions above.</li> </ul>
Nipple Discharge	<ul> <li>Using a pencil, label 2 glass slides with patient's full name and DOB, along with the letter "F" (for fixed) on one slide and the letters "AD" (for air dried) on the other.  <ul> <li>Write specimen source on each slide (e.g. right breast) under DOB.</li> <li>Leave space on label for lab to write case #.</li> <li>Do NOT write any of the following on slide labels: MRN, doctor's name, or date/time.</li> <li>Do NOT use any kind of ink (ballpoint pen, fine point Sharpie, etc.) to label slide.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Place a drop of specimen near middle of slide labeled "F"; using a blank slide, gently smear specimen down the slide away from label.  <ul> <li>Immediately spray with cytology fixative and allow to dry.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Place a drop of specimen near middle of slide labeled "AD"; using a blank slide, gently smear specimen down the slide away from label.  <ul> <li>Allow slide to air dry. (Do NOT spray with fixative.)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Discard blank slide.</li> <li>Note: Alternatively, specimen may be placed on either the "F" or "AD" slide then smeared by sandwiching the slides together and gently pulling them apart in opposite directions.</li> <li>Place dry slides into slide holder (plastic or cardboard) and tape closed; label outside of holder with patient sticker.</li> <li>Place in bio bag with cytology requisition.</li> <li>Deliver to the lab as soon as possible.</li> </ul>
Pancreatic Brushing	<ul> <li>Collect in the same manner as bronchial brushing – refer to Bronchial Brushing instructions above.</li> </ul>



Pelvic Washing	<ul> <li>Collect ≥1 mL fresh specimen in properly labeled sterile container.</li> <li>Place in bio bag with cytology requisition.</li> <li>Refrigerate and deliver to the lab as soon as possible.</li> </ul>
Sputum	<ul> <li>Three morning specimens on consecutive days are recommended.</li> <li>Obtain spontaneously or by aerosol induction.</li> <li>Collect ≥1 mL fresh specimen in properly labeled sterile container.         <ul> <li>Saliva should be avoided and is not useful.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Place in bio bag with cytology requisition.</li> <li>Refrigerate and deliver to the lab as soon as possible.</li> </ul>
Tzank Smear (for herpes virus)	<ul> <li>Using a pencil, label a glass slide with patient's full name and DOB.         <ul> <li>Write specimen source on slide under DOB.</li> <li>Leave space on label for lab to write case #.</li> <li>Do NOT write any of the following on slide labels: MRN, doctor's name, or date/time.</li> <li>Do NOT use any kind of ink (ballpoint pen, fine point Sharpie, etc.) to label slide.</li> </ul> </li> <li>If lesion is scabbed over, moisten with sterile saline soaked gauze and soften scab.</li> <li>Remove some of the scab and scrape area with wooden spatula.</li> <li>If the lesion is vesicular, break open and scrape the base of the lesion with wooden spatula.</li> <li>Smear specimen onto slide.</li> <li>Immediately spray with cytology fixative and allow to dry.</li> <li>Place dry slide into slide holder (plastic or cardboard) and tape closed; label outside of holder with patient sticker.</li> <li>Place in bio bag with cytology requisition.</li> <li>Deliver to the lab as soon as possible.</li> </ul>
Urine	<ul> <li>The second voided specimen of the day is best for cytology as the first will contain numerous degenerated urothelial cells.</li> <li>For females, it is recommended that a catheterized specimen be obtained for best results, as squamous cells from the vagina may contaminate or obscure diagnostic cellular details.</li> <li>Collect ≥1 mL fresh specimen in properly labeled sterile container.</li> <li>Place in bio bag with cytology requisition.</li> <li>Refrigerate and deliver to the lab as soon as possible.</li> </ul>
Urethral Washing, Renal Washing	<ul> <li>Collect ≥1 mL fresh specimen in properly labeled sterile container.</li> <li>Place in bio bag with cytology requisition.</li> <li>Refrigerate and deliver to the lab as soon as possible.</li> </ul>